

Supporting Information for:

Identification of novel perfluoroalkyl ether carboxylic acids (PFECAs) and sulfonic acids (PFESAs) in natural waters using accurate mass time-of-flight mass spectrometry (TOFMS)

Mark Strynar¹, Sonia Dagnino², Rebecca McMahan², Shuang Liang², Andrew Lindstrom¹, Erik Andersen¹, Larry McMillan³, Michael Thurman⁴, Imma Ferrer⁴, Carol Ball⁵

1. National Exposure Research Laboratory, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Research Triangle Park, NC;

2. ORISE fellow at the United States Environmental Protection Agency, National Exposure Research Laboratory, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina;

3. National Caucus and Center on Black Aged, Inc, Durham, NC;

4. Center for Environmental Mass Spectrometry, University of Colorado in Boulder CO;

5. Agilent Technologies Inc., Wilmington, DE

This document includes one table, and 12 SI figures, on 13 pages.

Table S1. Water samples description and GPS coordinates.

Sample ID	Description	Latitude	Longitude
CFR 001	Cape Fear river Tar Heel, NC	34.74525	-78.78574
CFR 002	Cape Fear river below Huske lock and dam #3	34.83026	-78.82246
CFR 003	unnamed tributary	34.83179	-78.82375
CFR 004	Cape Fear river above Huske lock and dam #3	34.83544	-78.82347
CFR 005	Cape Fear river below Rockfish creek	34.96820	-78.81579
CFR 006	Rockfish Creek	34.95610	-78.84424
CFR 007	Rockfish Creek WWTP effluent	34.96834	-78.82765
CFR 008	Cape Fear River at Fayetteville boat ramp access	34.99669	-78.85076
CFR 009	Regional drinking water sample	34.94199	-78.92422

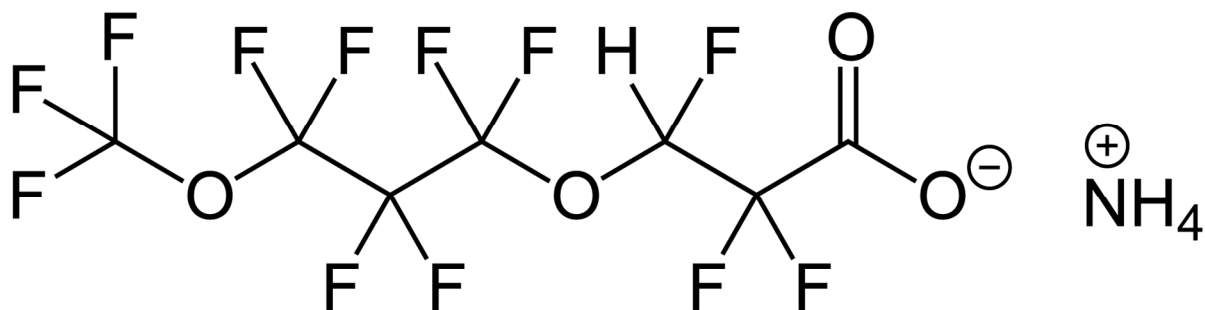


Figure S1. The structure of ADONA (4,8-dioxa-3H-perfluorononanoate) a polyfluorinated compounds used to replace classic perfluorinated compounds such as APFO.

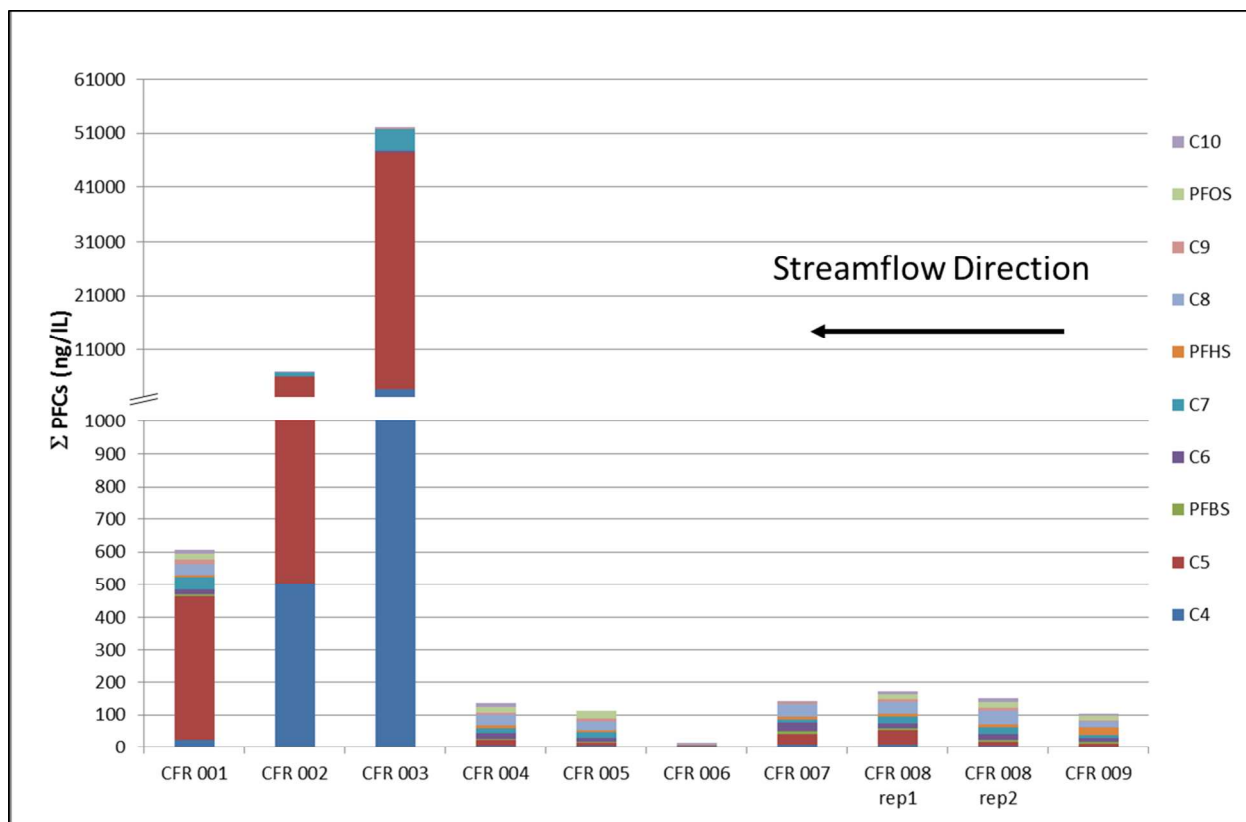
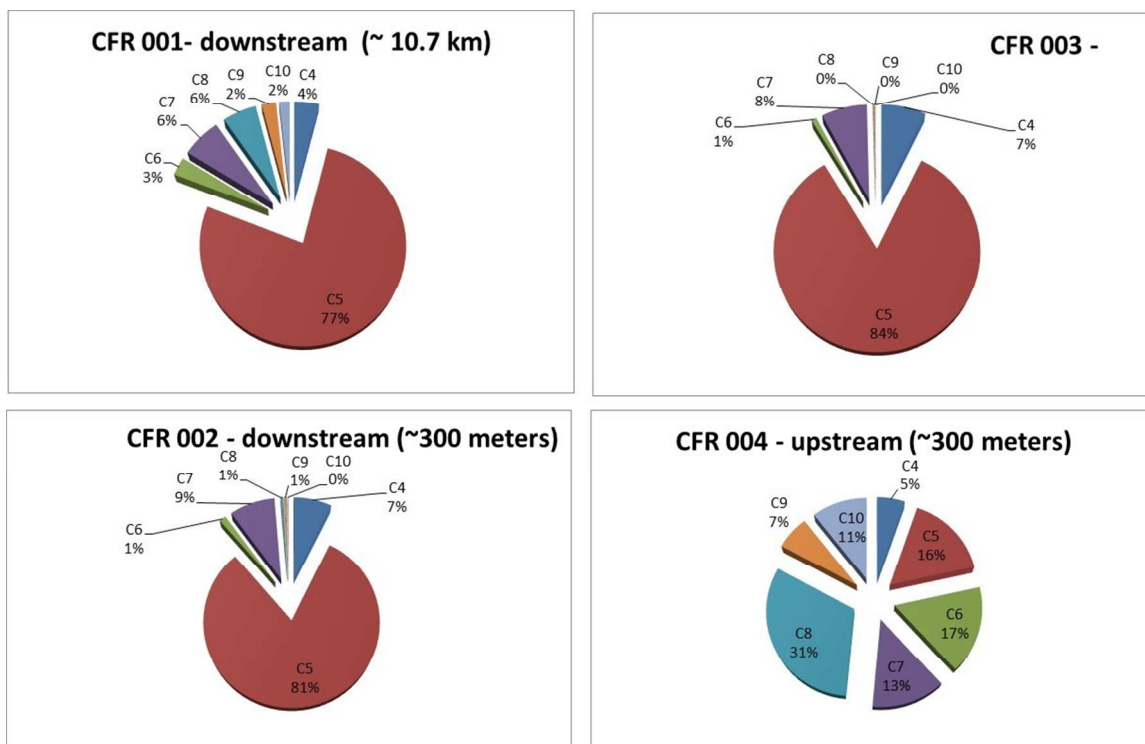


Figure S2. PFAAs found in water samples from the Cape Fear River. Note the y-axis is a split scale.



48
49
50 Figure S3. Proportion of PFAAs contribution to the total for select water samples from the Cape
51 Fear River.

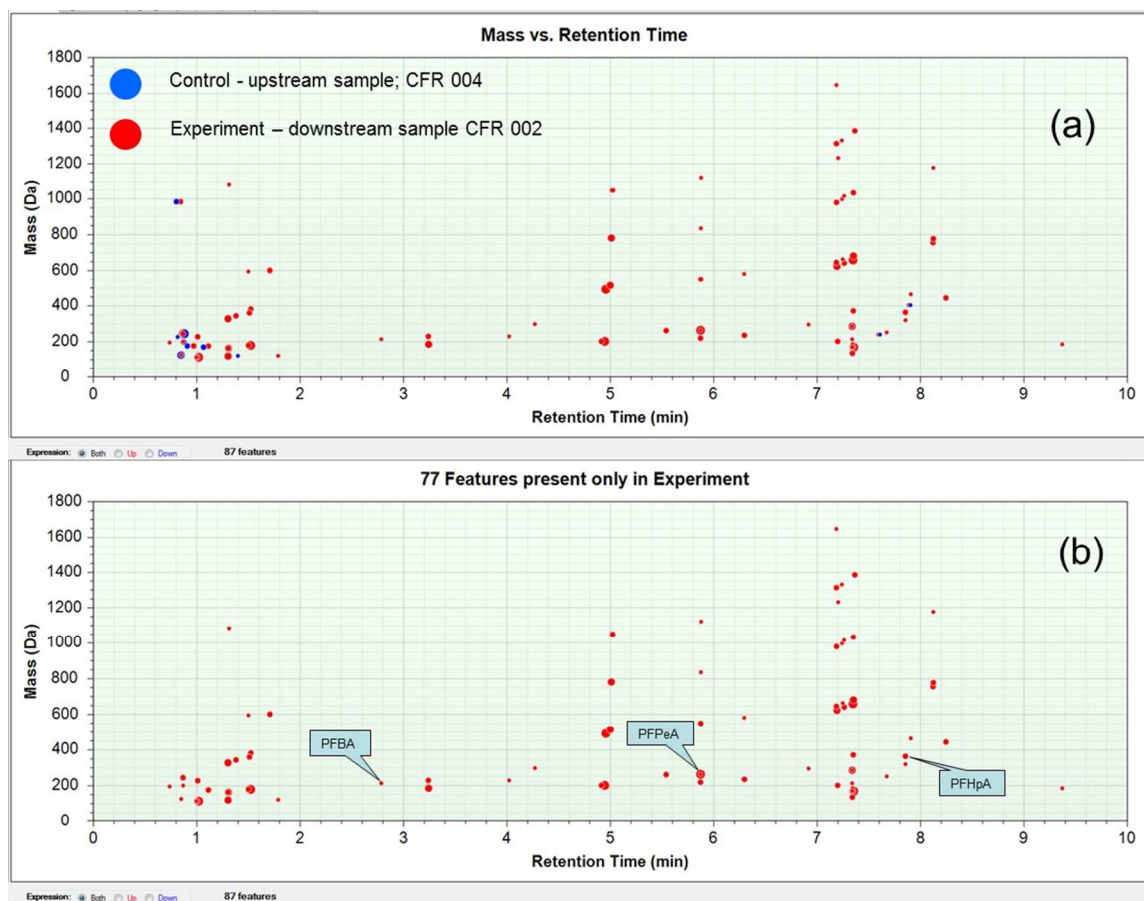


Figure S4. Mass Profiler visualization of molecular features found in (a) control and experimental sample and (b) 77 features unique only to experimental sample, with select peaks previously identified (PFBA, PFPeA and PFHpA). Note: The size of the symbol in this plot is proportional to the area of the peak. Pronounced co-eluting peaks that appear as vertical lines are likely related (i.e. fragments, M-H-, *n-mers*).

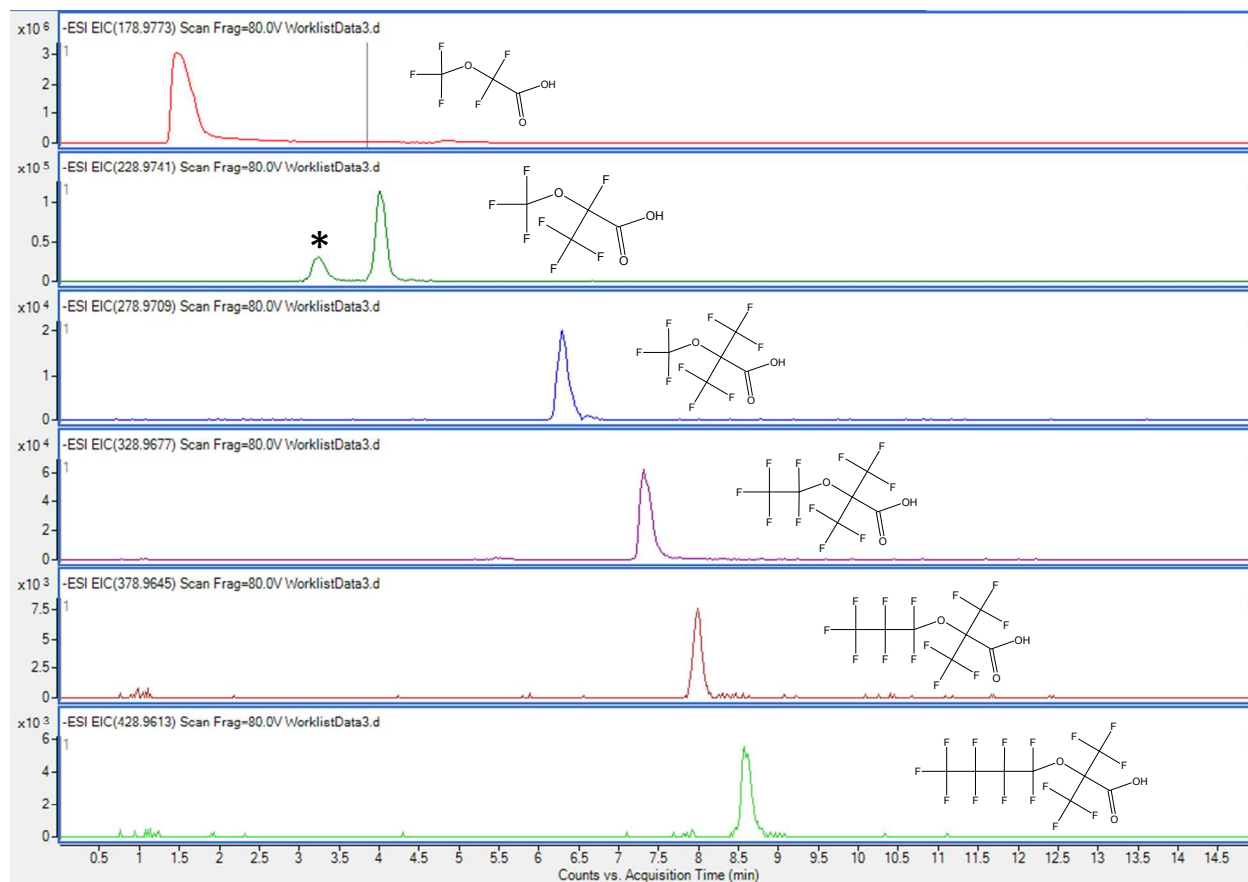
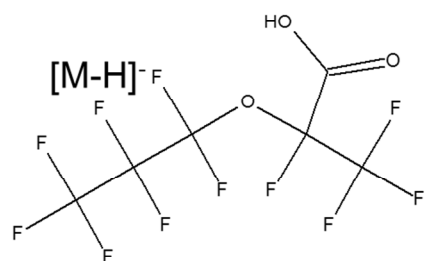


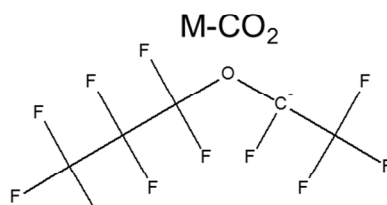
Figure S5. Extracted Ion Chromatogram (EIC) of a suspected homologous series of perfluorinated ether carboxylic acids. Note: The chromatographic peak indicated by an * is the substance associated with this homologous series based on the H^+ and Na^+ dimer co-elution at this retention time. The second later eluting peak in this chromatogram is a similar m/z , possibly an isomer.

Target Compound CAS # 13252-13-6

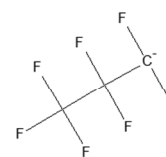


2,3,3,3-tetrafluoro-2-(heptafluoropropoxy)propanoate

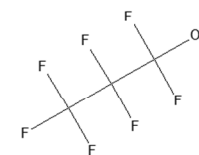
Molecular Formula: $C_0H_{11}O_3$
 Formula Weight: 330.0528
 Composition: C(21.83%) H(0.31%) F(63.32%) O(14.54%)
 Monoisotopic Mass: 329.9750 Da
 [M-H]⁻: 328.9677 Da



m/z 284.9779

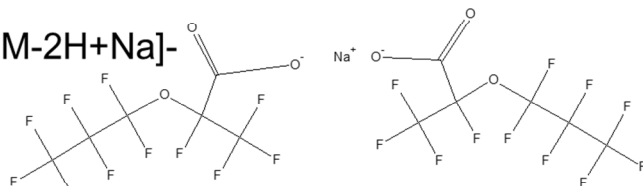


m/z 168.9894

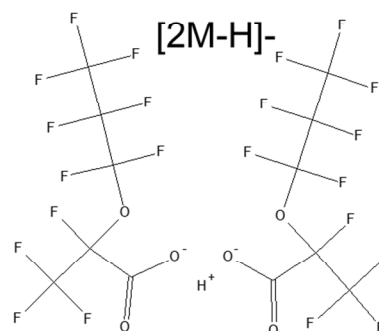


m/z 184.9843

[2M-2H+Na]⁻



m/z 680.9247



m/z 658.9427

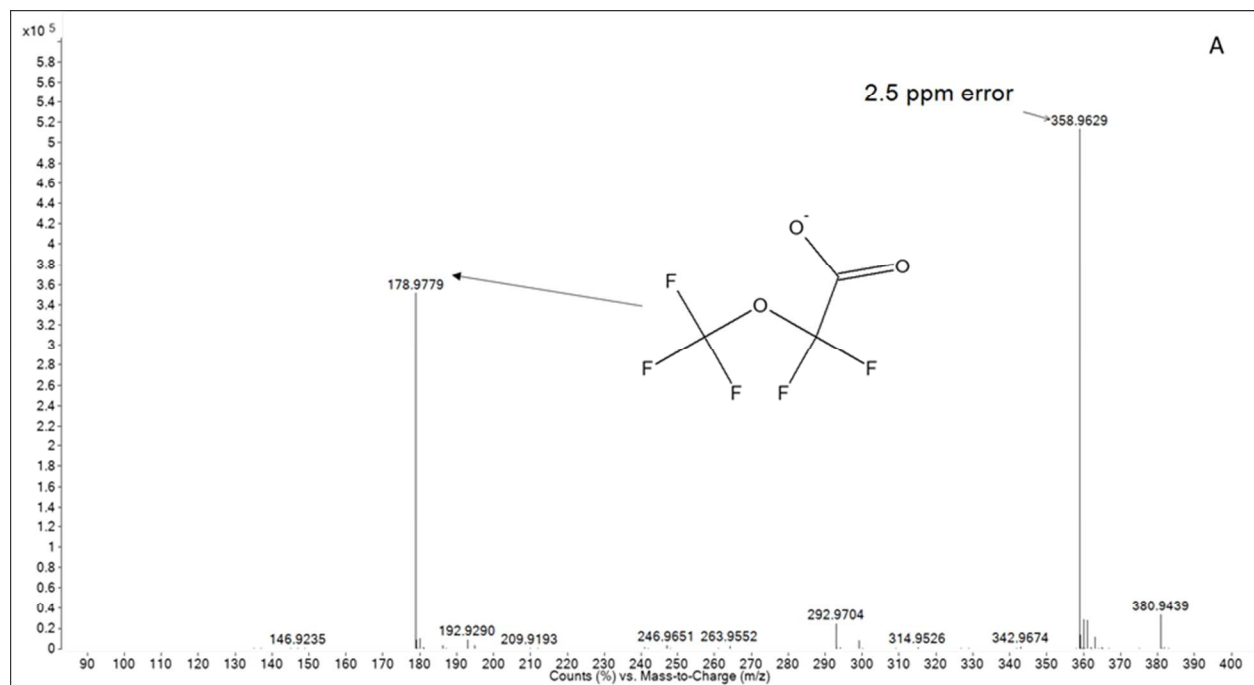
87

88

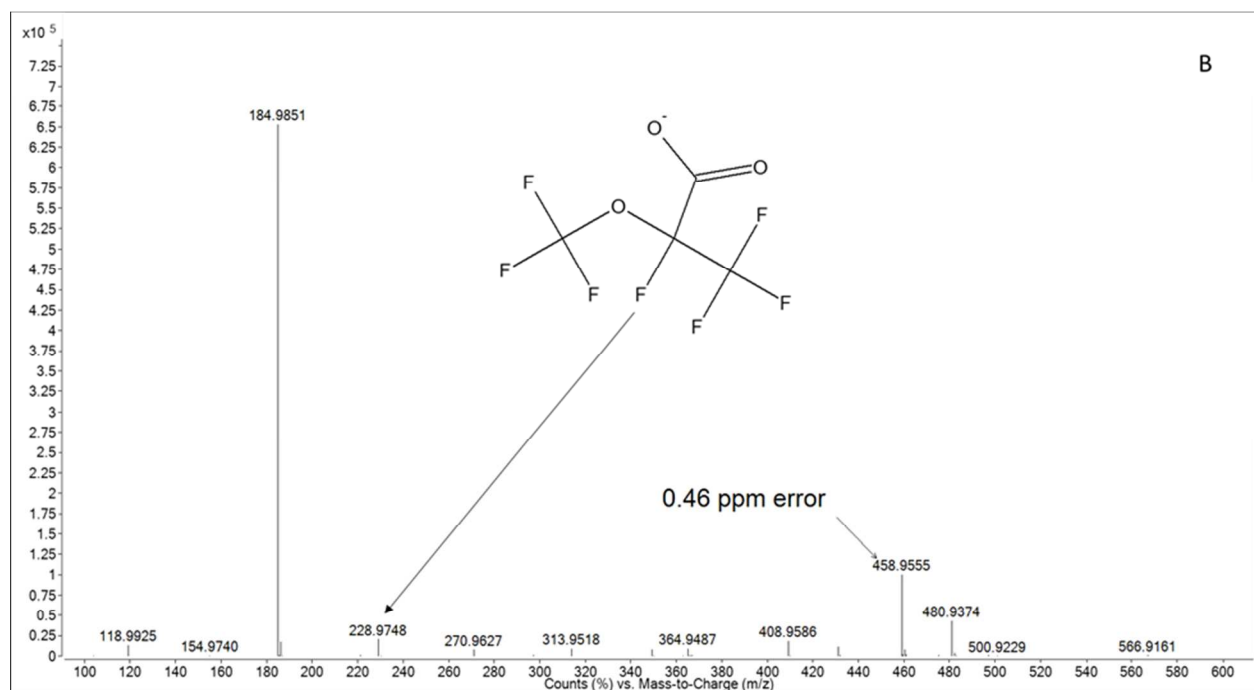
89 Figure S6. Identified perfluorinated ether carboxylic acid and diagnostic fragment and dimer

90 ions.

91



92



93

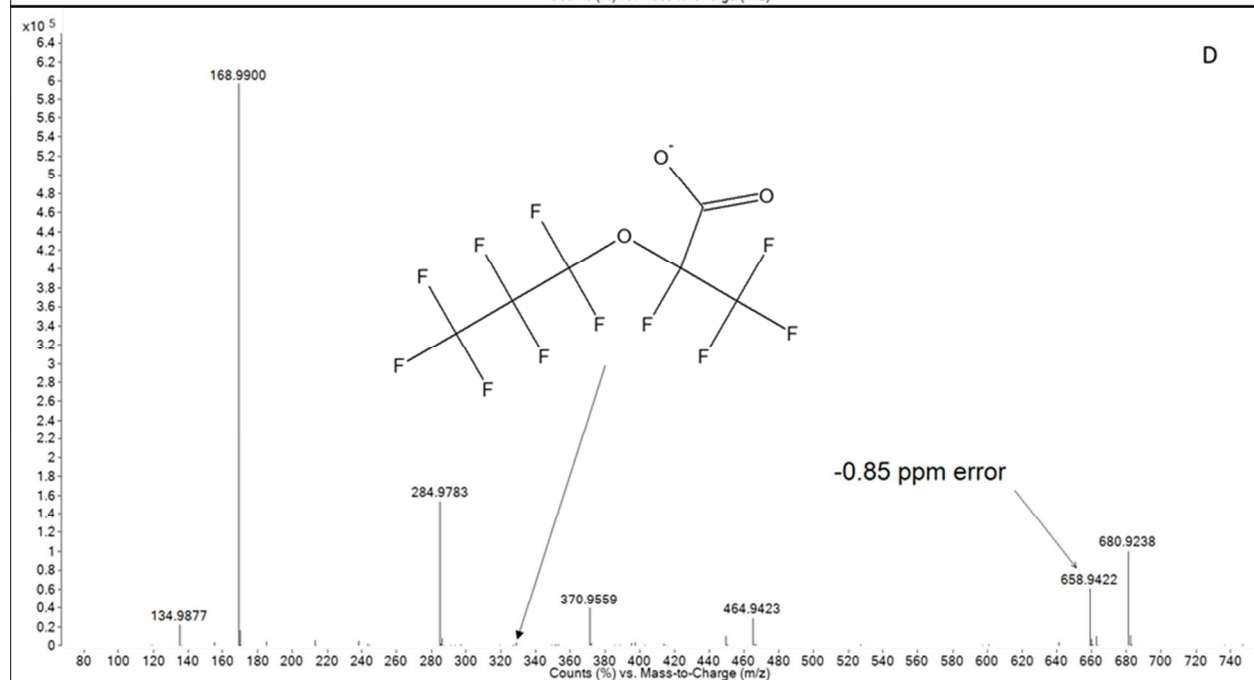
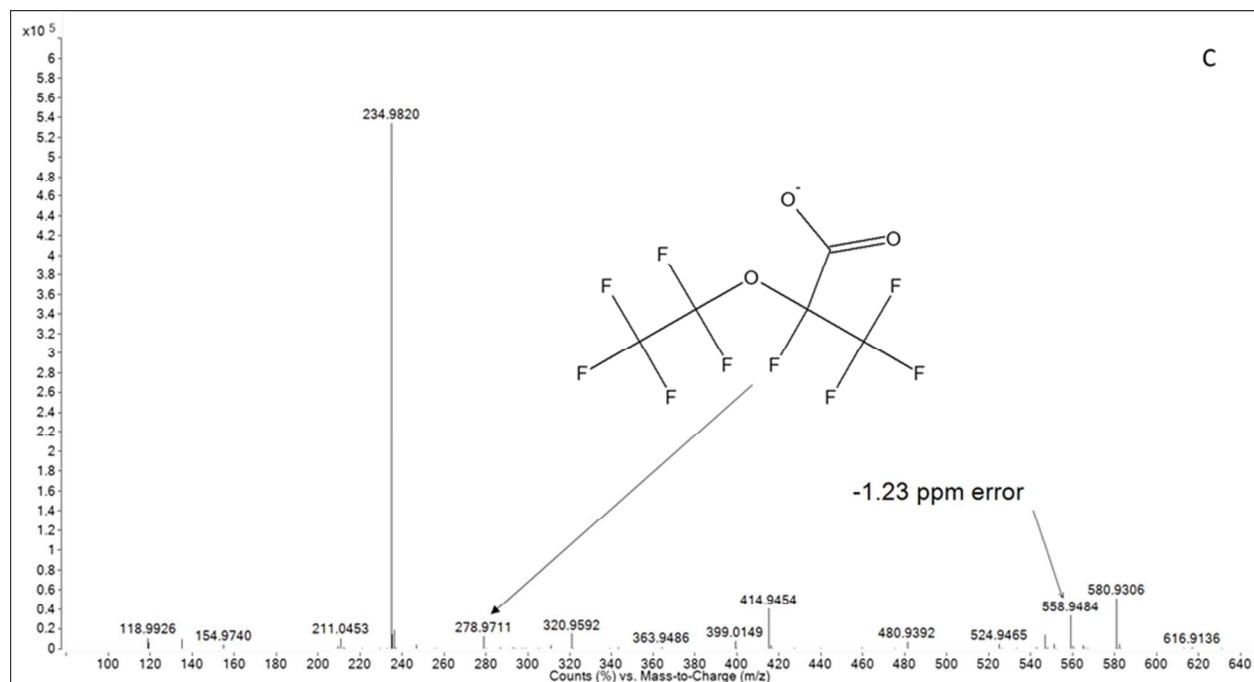


Figure S7 Spectra for Figure S5 chromatographic plot EICs. The spectra shown are for the first four eluting mono ether PFECAs shown in Figure S5. Plot A corresponds to m/z 178.9773; Plot B corresponds to m/z 228.9741; Plot C corresponds to m/z 278.9709; Plot D corresponds to m/z 328.9677. Error values shown are for the corresponding [2M-H]⁻ (Table 1)

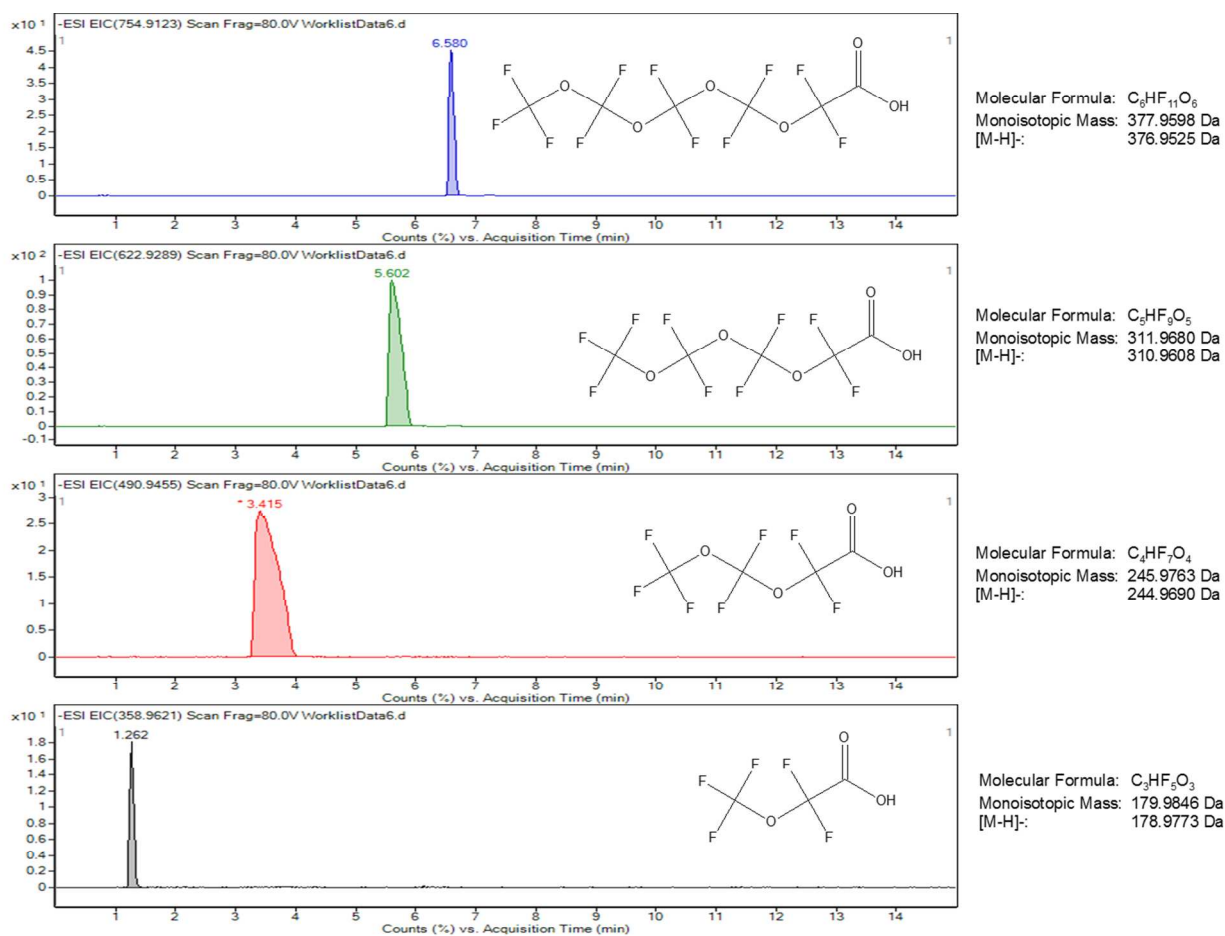


Figure S8. Extracted ion chromatogram of additional perfluorinated ether carboxylic acids homologous series. Proton bound dimer EIC shown for chromatogram. Monomer structure and exact mass shown

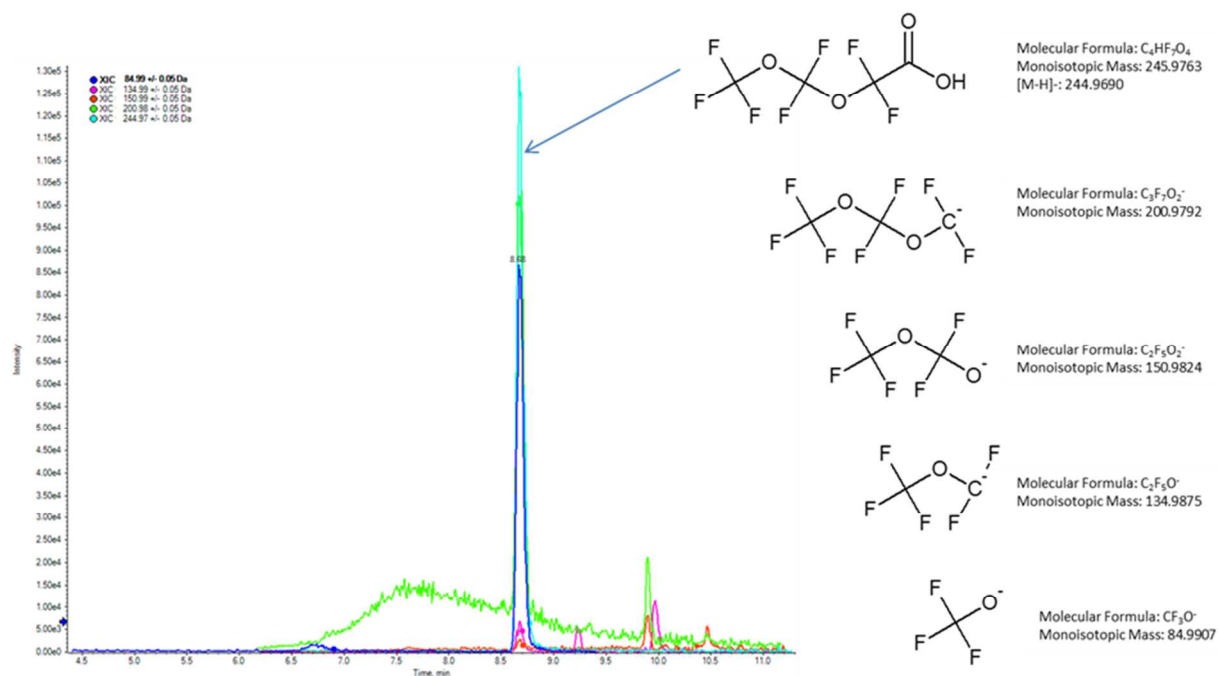
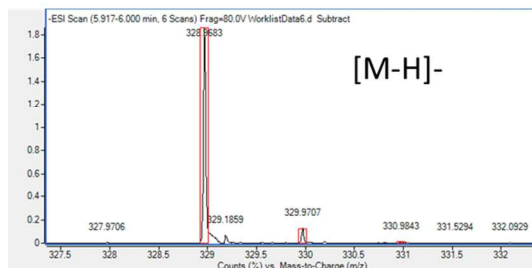
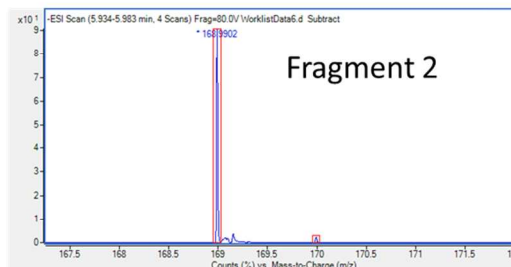
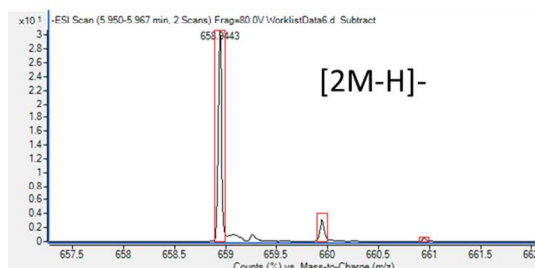
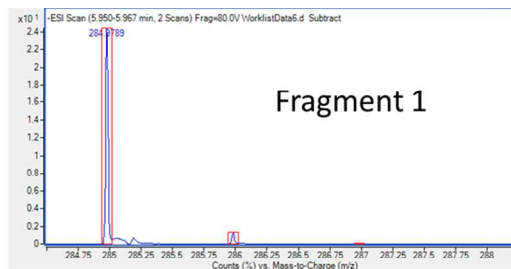
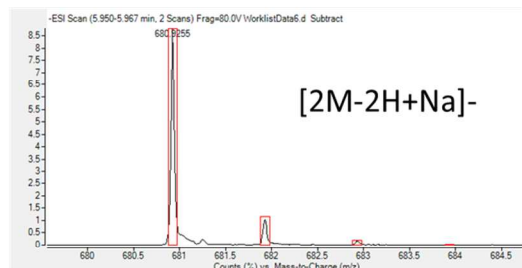
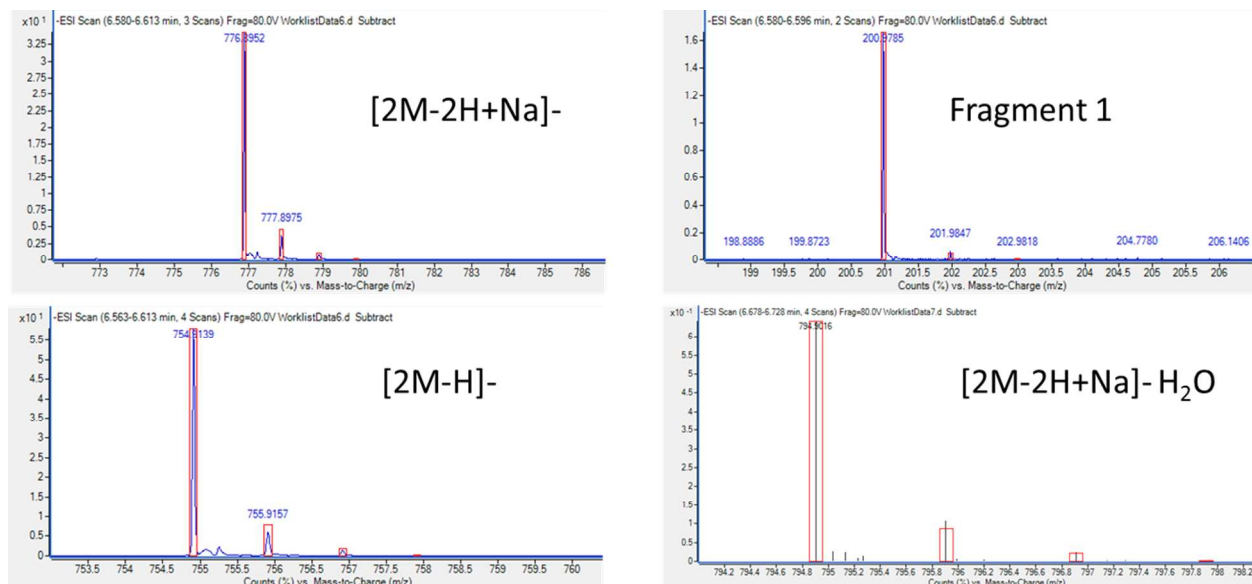


Figure S9. QTOF fragment ions for $C_4HF_7O_4$ (m/z 244.9691) pfluoroether carboxylic acid.



	Formula	Measured m/z	Exact m/z	Error (ppm)	Score
[2M-2H+Na]-	$C_{12}F_{22}NaO_6^-$	680.9255	680.9247	-1.2	98.11
[2M-H]-	$C_{12}HF_{22}O_6^-$	658.9433	658.9427	-2.36	92.96
[M-H]-	$C_6F_{11}O_3^-$	328.9683	328.9677	-1.8	97.85
Fragment 1	$C_5F_{11}O^-$	284.9789	284.9779	-3.49	96.35
Fragment 2	$C_3F_7^-$	168.9902	168.9894	-4.75	84.41

Figure S10. Spectrum, isotope pattern matching and identified adducts and fragment of molecular feature (m/z 328.9683) found in water. The table shows the formula, measured m/z, the exact m/z, the error associated with the measurement and the software scoring of the isotope cluster. The red boxes around each spectrum peak indicate the agreement between the measured and theoretical isotope cluster. The scoring is a bundled measurement of the accurate mass of the monoisotopic peak versus theoretical, the isotope abundance and the isotope spacing.



	Formula	Measured m/z	Exact m/z	Error (ppm)	Score
[2M-2H+Na]-	C ₁₂ F ₂₂ Na O ₁₂ ⁻	776.8952	776.8942	-1.31	95.92
[2M-H]-	C ₁₂ H F ₂₂ O ₁₂ ⁻	754.9139	754.9122	-2.22	92.66
[M-H]-	C ₆ F ₁₁ O ₆ ⁻	Not Observed	376.9525	---	---
Fragment 1	C ₃ F ₇ O ₂ ⁻	200.9785	200.9792	3.71	95.18
[2M-2H+Na]- H ₂ O	C ₁₂ H ₃ F ₂₂ Na O ₁₃ ⁻	794.9016	794.9047	3.95	84.15

Figure S11. Spectrum, isotope pattern matching and identified adducts and fragment of molecular feature (m/z 376.9525) found in water. The table shows the formula, measured m/z, the exact m/z, the error associated with the measurement and the software scoring of the isotope cluster. The red boxes around each spectrum peak indicate the agreement between the measured and theoretical isotope cluster. The scoring is a bundled measurement of the accurate mass of the monoisotopic peak versus theoretical, the isotope abundance and the isotope spacing.

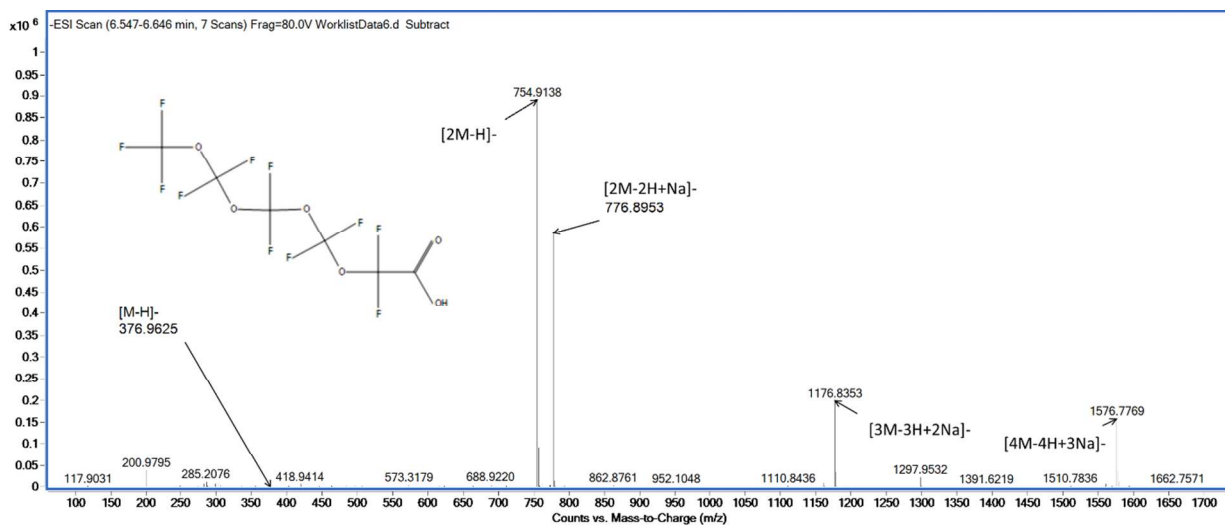


Figure S12. Spectrum of novel perfluorinated ether carboxylic acids showing proton bound and sodium bound *n*-mers found. The structure shown is the parent compound. The various in-source *n*-mers formed are shown with shorthand nomenclature for dimers, trimers and tetramers.